

**THE CITY OF OKLAHOMA CITY  
OFFICE OF  
THE MUNICIPAL COUNSELOR**

Council Agenda  
Item No. IX. BS  
9/27/2022

TO: Mayor and City Council

FROM: Kenneth Jordan  
Municipal Counselor

Resolution authorizing the Municipal Counselor to waive service of process and to confess judgment without admission of liability in the amount of \$1,500 and all the costs of the action in the Oklahoma County District Court in the claim filed by Kaci Alvarado. Ward 6.

Claimant's address:  
Attorney address  
415 NW 11th Street  
Oklahoma City, OK 73103

This office acknowledges receipt of a claim from the above-referenced claimant, in which the claimant alleges that on July 2, 2021, claimant's vehicle was damaged when a City vehicle driven by an Oklahoma City Police Officer crashed into Claimant's vehicle near the intersection of Northeast 10th Street and North Oklahoma Avenue in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. Claimant alleges damages in the amount of \$29,617.81, for property damage, pain and suffering, medical bills and rental car. However, after negotiations, claimant has agreed to accept, and this office has agreed to recommend full and final settlement of this claim in the amount of \$1,500. This amount is supported by documentation.

Section 153(A) of the Governmental Tort Claims Act provides:

- A. The state or a political subdivision shall be liable for loss resulting from its torts or the torts of its employees acting within the scope of their employment subject to the limitations and exceptions specified in this act and only where the state or political subdivision, if a private person or entity, would be liable for money damages under the laws of this state. The state or a political subdivision shall not be liable under the provisions of this act for any act or omission of an employee acting outside the scope of his employment.

51 O.S. 2018 Supp. §153(A).

According to the Oklahoma Supreme Court, a prima facie case of negligence is established by showing the following: "(1) a duty owed by the defendant to protect the plaintiff from injury, (2) a failure to properly exercise or perform that duty and (3) the plaintiff's injuries are proximately caused by the defendant's failure to exercise his duty of care." *McKellips v. Saint Francis Hospital, Inc.*, 741 P.2d 467, 470 (Okla. 1987) (citations omitted).

Proximate cause has two components - legal causation and cause in fact. *Id.* Cause in fact is determined by the "but for" test: "The defendant's conduct is a cause of the event if the event would not have occurred but for that conduct." *Id.* (citations omitted). "Proximate cause" is also a synonym for "legal cause." BLACK'S LAW DICTIONARY, 804 (6th Ed. 1990). To clarify this issue, the Oklahoma Supreme Court has further defined proximate cause: "The proximate cause of an event must be that which in a natural and continuous sequence, unbroken by an independent cause, produces the event and without which the event would not have occurred." *Gaines v. Providence Apartments*, 750 P.2d 125, 126-27 (Okla. 1987) (citations omitted).

The Supreme Court of Oklahoma has further stated that the driver of a motor vehicle must always use that degree of care which is reasonable and prudent under the circumstances. *Agee v. Gant*, 412 P.2d 155 (Okla. 1966).

This office is in receipt of information from the Oklahoma City Police Department regarding this incident. This information indicates that an Oklahoma City Police Officer was travelling eastbound on NW 10th Street near the intersection of NW 10th Street and North Oklahoma Avenue when the officer attempted to change lanes. The report indicates that the Claimant's vehicle was in the adjacent lane, also travelling eastbound, and inside the officer's blind spot. The report indicates the collision did occur and that the City driver was at fault. This information further indicates no improper action by claimant.

Based on the above information and applicable Oklahoma law, it is the opinion of this office that this claim should be approved, and that the Municipal Counselor should be authorized to Confess Judgment without admission of liability in the amount of \$1,500 and all costs of the action in the District Court. If Council agrees, a Resolution to that effect has been prepared.